

## Equation sheet

- Density  $\rho = \frac{m}{V}$
- Specific volume =  $\frac{1}{\rho}$
- Specific gravity =  $\frac{\rho}{\rho_{H_2O}}$
- Specific weight =  $\rho g$
- Pressure  $P = \rho g h$ .
- $KE = \frac{mV^2}{2}$
- $PE = mgz$
- $\dot{m} = \rho \dot{V} = \rho A_c V_{avg}$
- $\dot{E} = \dot{m} e$
- $e_{mech} = \frac{P}{\rho} + \frac{V^2}{2} + gz$  (Mechanical energy of flowing fluid)
- Amount of heat transfer  $Q = \dot{Q} \Delta t$

electrical work  $W_e = VQ$     electric power =  $VI$

shaft work =  $2\pi nT$ .

$W_b = W_{friction} + W_{arm} + W_{crank}$ .

Spring work =  $\frac{1}{2} k(x_2^2 - x_1^2)$ .

Efficiency =  $\frac{\text{Desired output}}{\text{Required input}}$ .

Pressure:

$$P_{gauge} = P_{abs} - P_{atm}$$

$$P_{vac} = P_{atm} - P_{abs}$$

$$P = \rho g h$$

Manometer equation:

$$P_1 + \sum_{down} \gamma_i h_i - \sum_{up} \gamma_i h_i = P_2$$

for mixture water:  $Y_{avg} = Y_f + x Y_{fg}$

Ideal Gas:  $\bullet PV = ZRT$  ( $Z=1$ )

$\bullet Z = \frac{v_{actual}}{v_{ideal}}$

$\bullet P_R = P/P_{cr}$

$\bullet T_R = T/T_{cr}$

$\bullet v_R = \frac{v}{RT_{cr}/P_{cr}}$

$\bullet h = u + RT$

$\Delta u = \int_1^2 C_v(T) dT$  (kJ/kg)

$\Delta h = \int_1^2 C_p(T) dT$

$\Delta u = C_{v,avg} (T_2 - T_1)$

$\Delta h = C_{p,avg} (T_2 - T_1)$  (unit)

$C_p = C_v + R$ ,  $\bar{C}_p = \bar{C}_v + R_u$   
 (kJ/kg.K)

$\frac{P_1 V_1}{T_1} = \frac{P_2 V_2}{T_2}$   
 Kor R'

boundary work  $w_b = \int_1^2 P dv$

Polytropic process:  $P = C v^{-n} \rightarrow \frac{P_2 V_2 - P_1 V_1}{1-n} = w_b$

for ideal Gas  $w_b = \frac{mR(T_2 - T_1)}{1-n}$

for isothermal process  $w_b = PV \ln\left(\frac{v_2}{v_1}\right)$   
 A ideal Gas

$\bullet E_{in} - E_{out} = \Delta E \rightarrow e_{in} - e_{out} = \Delta e_{system}$

for a cycle:  $w_{net,out} = \phi_{net,in}$

$\bullet \phi - W = \Delta E \rightarrow \phi - W = \Delta KE + \Delta PE + \Delta U$

$\bullet \Delta U + w_b = \Delta H$

$C_v = \left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial T}\right)_v$

$\bullet$  Specific heat Ratio:  $k = \frac{C_p}{C_v}$

$C_p = \left(\frac{\partial h}{\partial T}\right)_p$

$\bullet$  for solid & liquid  $C_p = C_v = C$

$\bullet$  for solids & liquid

$\Delta h = C_{avg} \Delta T + v \Delta P$